



E1EX-U-VS VX

Ex db I/IIC, Ex eb I/IIC, Ex ta IIIC, Ex nR IIC

VORTEX BARRIER GLAND for Unfilled Multi Armoured Copper Tape or Lead Sheathed Cable

Features and Benefits

- For indoors, outdoors, Group I, II , III, Zone 1, 2, 20, 21 and 22 hazardous areas.
 For unfilled hygroscopic multicore cables refer to IEC 60079-14; 9.3.2 and 10.6.2a, IEC 61892-7, 10.6 and 10.7
- Freely rotating captive cone and inspectible cone ring an armour clamp and a earth bond for steel wire, aluminium, braid and tape armour.
- Provides 360° earthing to copper tape or lead sheath.
- Instantly mixed and injected Resin forms a 100% barrier seal around the individual cores of the cable.
- · Prevents explosive gases and/or liquids transmitting down cable.
- Precision manufactured from high-quality brass (Marine Grade Electroless Nickel Plated™) available in stainless steel 316/316L on request.
- Supplied with a thread-sealing gasket (parallel threads only).









Technical Data

E1EX-U-VS VX (VORTEx®) Gland Material: Brass (Marine Grade Electroless Nickel Plated™), Stainless Steel 316/316L Seal Material: Standard Thermoset Elastomer, Quick Setting Injection Barrier Resin Sealing Gasket Material: HDPE, Nylon 66 or PTFE

Steel Wire, Aluminium, Braided, Tape Armour and Copper Tape used for Cable Type:

VSD (Variable Speed Drives) or Lead Sheathed Rotating Captive Cone and Inspectible Cone Ring Armour Clamping:

Sealing Area: Outer Sheath and VORTEx® Resin around Cable Conductors Adaptor, Reducer, Earth Tag, Locknut, Serrated Washer and Shroud Optional Accessories:

The installer should ensure that the materials are suitable for the installation

Standards and Certifications

IECEX/INMETRO: Ex d I Mb/ IIC Gb, Ex e I Mb/IIC Gb, Ex nR IIC Gc, Ex tb IIIC Db Equipment Protection Levels: ATEX/UKEX: (a) I M2, (a) II 2/3G 1D, Ex db I Mb/IIC Gb, Ex eb I Mb/IIC Gb, Ex ta IIIC Da TR CU: II 1Ex d IIC Gb X / 1Ex e IIC Gb X / 2Ex nR IIC Gc X / Ex tb IIIC Db X

CCC: Ex db IIC Gb, Ex eb IIC Gb, Ex ta IIIC Da Continuous Operating Temp: -60°C and +100°C

IEC/BS EN 62444 IEC 60079 Part 0, 1, 7, 15, 31 EN 60079 Part 0, 1, 7, 31 IEC/BS EN **IFCEx** ATEX EN 60079 Part 0, 15 IIKEX BS EN 60079 Part 0, 1, 7, 31 BS EN 60079 Part 0, 1, 7, 31 BS EN 60079 Part 0, 15 ABNT NBR IEC 60079 Part 0, 1, 7, 15, 31

INMETRO (Brazil) TR CU (Russia) ΓΟCT 31610-0, 15, ΓΟCT IEC 60079-

ГОСТ Р МЭК 60079-7, 31

CCC/CNEx (Chinese) GB/T3836.1. 2. 3. 31-2021

SANS SANS/IEC 60079 Part 0, 1, 7, 15, 31

IP66/68 100m - Parallel IEC 60529 IEC 60529 IP65/66 - Tapered IP68 - Tapered and approved grease IEC 60529

Deluge Protection Corrosion Protection

ASTM B117-11, BS EN ISO 3231 IEC/EN 60079 Part 0, 1, 7, 15, 31 IEC 60079 Part 0, 1, 7 and IEC 60529 EN 55011, + A1, EN 55022 Marine ABS DNV EMC Compatible

CML 14CA370-2 EXOVA N968667 ABS 20-SG1952706-PDA TAE0000010

SGS EMC305079/1

Certificate:

CML 14CA364 IECEx TSA 22.0011X

CML 16ATEX1001X

CML 16ATEX4002X

CMI 21UKFX1011X

CML 21UKEX4006X

MASC MS/22-9001X

IECEx TSA 22.0011X

EA9C RU C-ZA.HA91.B.00245/21

TÜV 15.0483X

CNEx 21.3387X CCC 2021312313000396

CML 15Y728

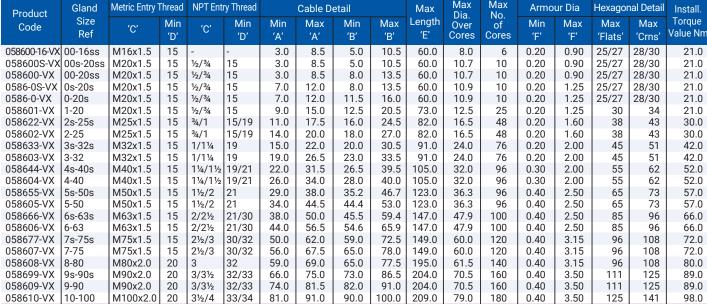






- The cable glands shall only be used where the temperature, at the point of entry, is between -60°C and +100°C. Only Resin supplied by CCG may be used in the glands.





All dimensions except NPT are in mm. Intermediate thread sizes are available on request. NPT threads should be tightened 'wrench tight'.

FITTING INSTRUCTIONS







E1EX-U-VS VX (VORTEX®) BARRIER GLAND

Separate the inner ② from the body ③. Cut back the cable outer sheath to expose the armour to a length as per the table below. Strip back the inner bedding to expose the copper tape using the cone S as a gauge.

ENCLOSURES AND EQUIPMENT TO WHICH CABLE GLANDS ARE FITTED:-

- Must be made from materials which are compatible with the cable gland materials. Have a sealing area around the cable gland entry point with a surface roughness
- Ra 6.3 μm.
- Have entries that are perpendicular to the enclosure face in the area where the cable gland will seal to within 2.5°.
- Are sealed using the supplied sealing gasket (parallel threads) or by fully tightening into a threaded entry (tapered threads). Note that for tapered threads the IP rating can

MUST HAVE THREADED ENTRIES

The same thread size as the cable gland. (Thread adapters should be used to correct

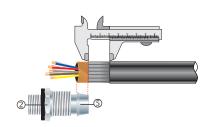
Remove all exposed tapes and foils on the mulitcore cables.

- be improved to IP68 with the use of a suitable thread sealant.
- any mismatch). With a thread tolerance of metric class '6H' or equivalent.
- Where the thread length is a minimum of 10mm for Ex d applications or 3mm for all other applications

OR CLEARANCE HOLES (not Ex d)

- Where the hole size is the thread nominal size with a tolerance of +0.1 to +0.7mm. (e.g. the clearance hole for an M20 thread will have a diameter between 20.1mm and
- Through material that is between 1mm and 12mm thick. (Thicker materials can be accommodated using glands with extended entry threads.)

Gland Size	Armour Length	Gland Size	Armour Length	Gland Size	Armour Length	Gland Size	Armour Length
00-16ss	20.0	3s-32s	30.0	6s-63s	45.0	9-90	50.0
00-20ss	20.0	3-32	30.0	6-63	45.0	10-100	60.0
0-20s	20.0	4s-40s	30.0	7s-75s	50.0	11-115	60.0
1-20	25.0	4-40	30.0	7-75	50.0	12-120	60.0
2s-25s	25.0	5s-50s	35.0	8-80	50.0	13-130	60.0
2-25	25.0	5-50	35.0	9s-90s	50.0		



If the cable cores have screens these should be cut away or twisted together into a single core. This single core should be insulated with heat shrink tubing or coated with insulating varnish. Any drain wires should also be insulated with heat shrink tubing or coated with insulating varnish.

- 2. Using a clean cloth, clean the cable cores
- 3. Using the insulation tape, bundle the cores together at the end.



To maintain IP66/68, ensure the thread gasket ① is in place. Screw the inner ② into the apparatus and tighten to the installation torque using a CCG Spanner ⑦. If the apparatus is untapped use a locknut. Pass the bundled cable cores through the outer nut 4 the body 3 the inner 2 the inner diaphragm seal and the earthing disc. Splay the armour wires over the cone S.

If the gland has NPT entry threads fitted to a threaded entry then IP68 (2m) can be achieved by applying one of the following tested and approved grease types to the thread:- Renolit Lubrene CA700 or LX220 EP2, Renolit LC-WP2 or Moly LX2, or Dow Corning 4 Electrical Compound.



- Tighten the body 3 onto the inner 2 tighten with a CCG Spanner 7 with 34 turn to lock the armour between the cone (5) and the cone ring (6)
- Unscrew the body ③. Check that the armour has locked between the cone ⑤ and the cone ring ⑥ (O-Ring on the cone ring ⑥ is sacrificial). Withdraw the barrier pot sub-assembly ⑧ and bundled cables. Remove insulation tape. Check the copper tape has passed through and makes 360° contact with the earthing disc.



Remove the cap (1) from resin applicator and attach the mixing nozzle (2) (use extension nozzle for small multicore cables). Whilst holding the barrier pot sub-assembly ® upright and holding the diaphragm seal firmly against the cable sheath inject the resin into the resin chamber*. Ensure the resin fills the inspectible resin seal pot ® all the way to the top of the protective resin pot ® and wipe any excess resin away.

Wait for the resin to change from a liquid to a solid state, this should take:

- · 15 minutes at 10°C
- 7 minutes at 20°C
- · 6 minutes at 30°C
- · 5 minutes at 40°C

The cable gland can now be handled safely, and the resin will continue to cure until it reaches its full hardness. For installations in less than 5°C Ambient, warm the Resin Tube in warm water at ± 50°C. If there is still resin left in the tube, discard the mixing nozzle @ and replace the cap @ for use with the next gland.

- * The installation is acceptable if the cable sheath is pushed 2mm or 3mm into the resin seal.
- 8. Re-insert the barrier pot sub-assembly ® back into the inner ②.

